
Bookied Documentation

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Fabian Schuh

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BookieSports is a module that contains the management information for BOS. This management information describes which sports are supported, which leagues and participants are available and how and what betting markets are created and resolved.

CHAPTER 1

Structure

This repository contains

- the sports with emta data supported by bookied
- schema files for validation of the provided data
- a python module to facilitate loading of the data

Folders: * *bookiesports/*: Contains the module that can be loaded from python to obtain the sports data. * *bookiesports/bookiesports*: Each sport has it's own folder which carries the most important information in a sports-specific *index.yaml* file. * *bookiesports/schema/*: Contains the yaml formatted json schemata for validation of the bookie sports files.

2.1 Installation

```
pip3 install bookiesports
```

2.2 bookiesports package

2.2.1 Submodules

bookiesports.cli module

bookiesports.datestring module

`bookiesports.datestring.date_to_string` (*date_object=None*)
rfc3339 conform string representation of a date can also be given as str YYYY-mm-dd HH:MM:SS

`bookiesports.datestring.string_to_date` (*date_string=None*)
assumes rfc3339 conform string and creates date object

bookiesports.exceptions module

exception `bookiesports.exceptions.SportsNotFoundError`
Bases: `Exception`

bookiesports.log module

bookiesports.normalize module

exception bookiesports.normalize.EventGroupNotNormalizableException

Bases: *bookiesports.normalize.NotNormalizableException*

class bookiesports.normalize.IncidentsNormalizer (*chain=None*)

Bases: object

This class serves as the normalization entry point for incidents. All events / event group and participant names are replaced with the counterpart stored in the bookiesports package.

DEFAULT_CHAIN = 'beatrice'

default chosen chain for bookiesports

NOT_FOUND = {}

As class variable to have one stream for missing normalization entries

NOT_FOUND_FILE = None

If normalization errors should be written to file, set file here

normalize (*incident, errorIfNotFound=False*)

static not_found (*key*)

static use_chain (*chain, not_found_file=None*)

exception bookiesports.normalize.NotNormalizableException

Bases: Exception

exception bookiesports.normalize.ParicipantNotNormalizableException

Bases: *bookiesports.normalize.NotNormalizableException*

exception bookiesports.normalize.SportNotNormalizableException

Bases: *bookiesports.normalize.NotNormalizableException*

2.2.2 Module contents

class bookiesports.BookieSports (*chain=None, override_cache=False, **kwargs*)

Bases: dict

This class allows to read the data provided by bookiesports

On instantiation of this class the following procedure happens internally:

1. Open the directory that stores the sports
2. Load all Sports
3. **For each sport, load the corresponding data subset (event groups, events, rules, participants, etc.)**
4. Validate each data subset
5. Perform consistency checks
6. Instantiate a dictionary (self)

As a result, the following call will return a dictionary with all the bookiesports:

```
from bookiesports import BookieSports
x = BookieSports()
```

Parameters

- **chain** (*string*) – One out ‘alice’, ‘beatrice’, or ‘charlie’ to identify which network we are working with. Can also be a relative path to a locally stored copy of a sports folder
- **override_cache** (*string*) – if true, cache is ignored and sports folder is forcibly reloaded and put into cache
- **network** (*string*) – deprecated, please use chain

It is possible to overload a custom sports_folder by providing it to `BookieSports` as parameter.

```
BASE_FOLDER = '/home/docs/checkouts/readthedocs.org/user_builds/bookiesports/checkouts'
```

```
CHAIN_CACHE = {}
```

Singleton to store data and prevent rereading if `BookieSports` is instantiated multiple times

```
DEFAULT_CHAIN = 'beatrice'
```

```
JSON_SCHEMA = None
```

Schema for validation of the data

```
SPORTS_FOLDER = None
```

```
chain_id
```

```
static list_chains()
```

```
static list_networks()
```

@deprecated please use `list_chains`

```
network
```

@deprecated use `self.index`

```
network_name
```

@deprecated please use `self.chain`

```
static version()
```

2.3 Schema

For validation of the data format presented in the sports folder, a validation is performed. The corresponding validation schemata are stored in the `schema/` subdirectory and used internally when instantiating `bookiesports.BookieSports`.

2.3.1 Schemata

Genera definitions

definitions:

identifier:

type: string

description: Identification string for the

id:

description: Blockchain id of the object (e.g. 1.16.0)

pattern: `"^[0-9]*\.[0-9]*\.[0-9]*$"`

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```
internationalized_name:
  type: object
  description: Internationalized name
  properties:
    en:
      type: string
      description: English name of the sport
  required:
    - en

aliases:
  type:
    - "null"
    - array
  oneOf:
    - type: "null"
    - type: array
      description: List of known aliases
      items:
        type: string

asset:
  type: array
  description: Asset symbol
  uniqueItems: true
  items:
    - type: string
    - enum:
        - PPY
        - BTC
        - BTCTEST
        - BTF
        - BTFUN
        - TEST
```

Sport

```
$schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-06/schema#"
title: BookieSports::Sport
description: Format for BookieSports::Sport
type: object
properties:

  identifier:
    $ref: "#/definitions/identifier"

  name:
    $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

  aliases:
    $ref: "#/definitions/aliases"

  id:
    $ref: "#/definitions/id"
```

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```

eventgroups:
  type: array
  description: list of event groups that are in this sport
  items:
    type: string

required:
- identifier
- name
- id
- eventgroups

```

Eventgroup

```

$schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-04/schema#"
title: BookieSports::EventGroup
description: Format for BookieSports::EventGroup
type: object
properties:

  identifier:
    $ref: "#/definitions/identifier"

  name:
    $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

  aliases:
    $ref: "#/definitions/aliases"

  id:
    $ref: "#/definitions/id"

  participants:
    description: Identifier for the teams
    type: string

  bettingmarketgroups:
    type: array
    description: list of identifiers for the betting market groups
    items:
      type: string

  eventscheme:
    type: object
    description: Internationalized name after which the events are named on creation
    properties:
      name:
        $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

  start_date:
    type: string
    format: date-time

  finish_date:
    type: string

```

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```
format: date-time

leadtime_Max:
  type: number

required:
- identifier
- name
- id
- participants
- bettingmarketgroups
- eventscheme
  #- start_date
  #- finish_date
  #- leadtime_Max
```

Participant

```
$schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-06/schema#"
title: BookieSports::MarketBettingGroup
description: Format for BookieSports::MarketBettingGroup
type: object
properties:

  participants:
    description: List of participants
    type: array
    items:
      type: object
      properties:

        identifier:
          $ref: "#/definitions/identifier"

        aliases:
          $ref: "#/definitions/aliases"

        name:
          $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

    required:
      - participants
```

Rule

```
$schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-06/schema#"
title: BookieSports::MarketBettingGroup
description: Format for BookieSports::MarketBettingGroup
type: object
properties:

  identifier:
    $ref: "#/definitions/identifier"
```

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```

name:
  $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

description:
  $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

id:
  $ref: "#/definitions/id"

grading:
  type: object
  description: Grading for the rule
  properties:

    metric:
      type: string
      description: Calculate metric according to this

    resolutions:
      type: array
      descriptions: Resolve betting markets according to the rules here
      items:
        type: object
        properties:
          win:
            type: string
            description: If true this market is win
          not_win:
            type: string
            description: If true this market is not_win
          void:
            type: string
            description: If true this market is void

    required:
      - metric
      - resolutions

required:
  - identifier
  - id
  - name
  - description
  - grading

```

BettingMarketGroup

```

$schema: "http://json-schema.org/draft-06/schema#"
title: BookieSports::MarketBettingGroup
description: Format for BookieSports::MarketBettingGroup
type: object
properties:

  description:

```

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```

    $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

asset:
  $ref: "#/definitions/asset"

dynamic:
  description: Is this a dynamic BMG (like a NFL handicap or NBA Over-under BMG)?
  anyOf:
    - type: string
      enum:
        - ou # Over under
        - hc # handicap
    - type: boolean

number_betting_markets:
  type: number
  description: Number of Betting Markets in this BMG
  items:
    type: string

is_live:
  type: boolean
  description: Will this BMG be turned Live at Event start? This is YES for all BMGs
↳at launch

rules:
  type: string
  description: Human readable rules that the Grading Algorithm is a machine-readable
↳instantiation of

bettingmarkets:
  type: array
  description: Betting markets to open
  items:
    type: object
    properties:
      description:
        $ref: "#/definitions/internationalized_name"

required:
  - description
  - asset
  - dynamic
  - number_betting_markets
  - is_live
  - rules
  - bettingmarkets

```

2.4 Naming Scheme

Some bookiesports files (in particular name and description fields) allow the use of *variables*. Those are dynamic and filled in by `bookie-sync`, automatically.

As an example, the file `MLB_ML_1.yaml` defines betting markets for a Moneyline market group. The betting markets carry the name of the event participants. We encode this in bookiesports using *variables*:


```
bettingmarkets:
  - description:
      en: '{teams.away}'
  - description:
      en: '{teams.home}'
```

2.4.1 Overview of variables

- teams:
 - {teams.home}: Home team
 - {teams.away}: Away team
- result:
 - {teams.home}: Points for home team
 - {teams.away}: Points for away team
 - {teams.hometeam}: Points for home team
 - {teams.awayteam}: Points for away team
 - {teams.total}: Total Points
- handicaps:
 - {teams.home}: Comparative (symmetric) Handicaps (e.g., +-2) for home team
 - {teams.away}: Comparative (symmetric) Handicaps (e.g., +-2) for away team
 - {teams.home_score}: Absolute handicap for home team (e.g., 2)
 - {teams.away_score}: Absolute handicap for away team (e.g., 0)
- overunder:
 - {teams.value}: The over-/under value

2.4.2 Internal Processing

The variable parsing is done in `bos-sync` (`substitutions.py`) and work through `decode_variables` and a few classes that deal with the variables. This allows us to have complex variable substitutions.

The variables all consist of a **module identifier** and the actual **member variable**:

```
{module.member}
```

All modules are listed in the `substitutions` variable in `decode_variables`:

```
substitutions = {
    "teams": Teams,
    "result": Result,
    "handicaps": Handicaps,
    "overunder": OverUnder,
}
```

The modules themselves (capital first letter) are defined in the same file and can be as easy as

```
class Result:
    """ Defines a few variables to be used in conjunctions with {result.X}
    """
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        result = kwargs.get("result", [0, 0]) or [0, 0]
        self.hometeam = result[0]
        self.awayteam = result[1]

        self.total = sum([float(x) for x in result])

        # aliases
        self.home = self.hometeam
        self.away = self.awayteam
```

and as complex as

```
class Teams:
    """ Defines a few variables to be used in conjunctions with {teams.X}
    """
    def __init__(self, **kwargs):
        teams = kwargs.get("teams", ["", ""]) or ["", ""]
        self.home = " ".join([
            x.capitalize() for x in teams[0].split(" ")])
        self.away = " ".join([
            x.capitalize() for x in teams[1].split(" ")])
```

CHAPTER 3

API

CHAPTER 4

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